

1. HAVING TO CHANGE THE PRODUCT QUALITY IN EVALUATING THE GROWTH OF THE SYSTEM OF NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

Nguyen Bich Lam

The indicators GDP and GO are often calculated according to two types of price: current and constant prices, of which the current price operates in accordance with the supply-demand relation. Thus in order to have a right evaluation of the growth quality of the above-mentioned two indicators, we should eliminate pricing influences according to the following methods:

- Price-linkage method;
- Price-selection method;
- Method of determining the price according to sample products;
- Production expenditure method.

At present, in compiling the producer price index and consumer price index, the General Statistics Office (GSO) mainly uses the price linkage method.

2. GENERAL METHODS FOR SETTING UP SYNTHETIC INDICATORS

Nguyen Trong Hau

In studying socio-economic issues, the synthetic indicators are often used. This article introduces a general method for setting up synthetic indicators through 6 steps.

- Qualitative analyze of component indicators
- Selection of component indicators
- Analyze the importance of each of component indicators
- Calculate the weight of each of component indicators
- Gather by each indicator group
- Gather for all indicator groups.

For an illustration, the author introduces 3 important synthetic indexes: national competition capacity index; national wealth index and economy-free index.

3. INTRODUCTION TO PARAMETERS IN REGRESSION MODELS

Le Dan

The article introduces the following models:

- Generally-formed linear regression coefficient
- Generally-formed log-log coefficient
- Generally-formed linear-log regression coefficient
- Generally-formed log-linear regression coefficient
- Regression coefficient corresponding to price list in generally-formed log-linear model

4. AN INTRODUCTION TO THE METHODS FOR CALCULATING THE VALUE OF FIXED ASSETS AND A TEST TO VIETNAM

Nguyen Thi Viet Hong

The value of fixed assets is an important indicator of a national account, but it is difficult to calculate. At present, countries in the world use the following accessing ways to estimate the value of fixed assets:

- Perpetual inventory method
- Renuka Mahadevan and Noriyoshioguchi's access method

In order to help readers to firmly grasp contents of the above methods, the author has tested a calculation to Vietnam's data collected for years from 1982-2004. Through this tested calculation, the author has suggested we should use the perpetual inventory method to estimate the value of fixed assets for the whole economy.

5. QUALITY OF THE GROWTH WITH THE HAI PHONG'S SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PLAN FOR PERIOD 2006-2010

Le Anh Quan

The quality of the growth of the economy plays an important role in socio-economic development. For Hai Phong, in period 2001-2005 it had an annual economic growth rate of 11.5%, 1.5 times higher than the national average. Thus increasing the quality of the growth in period 2006-2010 has being deeply concerned by Hai Phong city in direction of strengthening projects from auxiliary materials in order to increase domestic production share, increase export, apply high technology, etc., with the aim of enhancing the competition capacity in the process of international economy integration.

In order to reach an annual growth rate of 12% to 13% in period 2006-2010, Hai Phong needs to mobilize an investment of about 90.000 billion dong, accounting for 53% GDP of the city and equal to 1.97 times as high as that in period 2001-2005.