

SUMMARIES IN ENGLISH

1. A STUDY TO THE METHOD ON REFLECTION AND ANALYSIS OF COMPETITION ABILITY

Nguyen Tran Que

- Main products and competition-possible products;
- Theory on comparison advantage;
- M. Porter's theory on international competition advantage;
- Competition ability of the enterprise;
- The method of evaluation of pressing competition ability (PCI) of the Viet Nam's Chamber of Commercial and Industry (VCCI).

2. THE TEST ON PRODUCTION VALUE, ADDED VALUE ON COMPARABLE PRICE ACCORDING TO THE SYSTEM OF PRICE INDEXES

Nguyen Van Minh

To implement the use of the system of price index to replace the table of constant price, the Department of National Account Statistics is, in collaboration with the Department of Trade and Price Statistics, testing the calculation of GO and VA in 64 Provincial Statistics Offices. Results of the test show that the change according to the above direction would help overcome many shortcomings. However, in order to put the above method into actual application, it is necessary to concentrate steering efforts to educate Provincial Statistics Offices on a unique understanding of the computational procedure, make additional improvements to the system of price index by region or province.

3. AN INTRODUCTION TO THE COBWEB GRAPH AND APPLICATION IN VIET NAM

Nguyen Quan

The article introduces some main contents of the cobweb graph, the way to draw it, etc. In Viet Nam, some management and research offices used this type of graphs and it had resulted in good outcome. For example, when analyzing and assessing the implementation of 9 main indicators in the 5-year socio-economic development plan (2001-2005), many convincing conclusions were drawn out with the help of using the cobweb, for instance a poverty rate of 70% in 2005 has reflected our achievement in reducing poverty.

It should be stressed that the cobweb graph was being used by many statistical organizations in the world to prepare their annual reports.

4. SOME IDEAS ON THE 2006 RURAL, AGRICULTURE AND FISHERY CENSUS

Nguyen Xuan Tuan

From 1994 to now, our country had successfully conducted two rural, agriculture and fishery censuses in 1994 and 2001. Data collected from these two censuses have helped management agencies undertake the construction of economic development policies. In 2006, we shall conduct this kind of census. Through studying the census plan and manuals we find some issues, which need further discussions:

- In principle, principles stipulated for questionnaire design and the system of lists used for coding and guidance for classification must be unique.

- Contents of questionnaire numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5A, 5B and 6 must be finalized.

5. STATISTICS DOES NOT ONLY MEAN AN EXACT ADDITION OF FIGURES

Tran Thanh Binh

According to the Statistics Law, which was passed by the National Assembly of the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam on 17 June 2003, and other legal documents, it is clearly stipulated: "Statistics information must ensure the objectivity, honesty, publicity, clearance, imperativeness and effectiveness. This is not a slogan that we often see, but is a guideline steering all activities of the system of statistics information. A full implementation of the above requirement by statistics offices from the central down to grassroots levels is an important task fruitfully bringing the Law into the life.

6. QUANG TRI WITH THE DEVELOPMENT OF FARM ECONOMY

Nguyen Thanh Nghi

Basing on data collected for Quang Tri province in recent years, the author has analyzed and assessed the development of farm economy in districts of Quang Tri province. According to the author, the farm economy is evenly growing in districts. At present, Quang Tri has 525 farms, of which 253 farms are in Cam Lo, 214 in Vinh Linh and 24 in Duong Hoa.

Although the farm size in Quang Tri is not so large, they have had a great impact to the change in economic structure; creating 1680 jobs and generating a big amount of products valuable to 14.3 billion, of which 82.6% are goods.